

WOULD AVERT RAILROAD STRIKE

Wilson Prepared To Offer Aid In Effecting Settlement

United States Chamber Of Commerce Appeals To Labor Department

Washington, Aug. 3.—President Wilson and other officials of the government are closely watching developments in the controversy between 225 railway systems and their 400,000 employees, and are preparing to offer every possible aid in effecting an agreement and avoiding a strike.

The president forwarded to the labor department an appeal he had received from the Chamber of Commerce of the United States through Harry A. Wheeler, chairman of the chamber's committee on railroads, declaring a strike is inevitable "unless some strong measures of intervention are speedily introduced," and urging an inquiry. Acting Secretary of Labor Post said he was in close touch with the situation, but had not decided whether action by the department would be necessary.

The federal board of mediation and conciliation, which is authorized by law to attempt to avert strikes on railroads, also is keeping a watch of developments, and its officials expect to be called as soon as the strike vote, now being counted, has been completely canvassed. They said that nothing could be done at present.

Copies of the chamber's appeal to the president were forwarded to chairmen of the congressional commerce committees and to representatives of the railroads and the employees. The chamber is considering calling a conference here to impress congress with the advisability of immediate action.

Mr. Wheeler said he had recently attended a meeting of representatives of the employers and employees in New York, and that as a result his conviction was deepened that an amicable settlement was remote.

MAY AVERT STRIKE

Railroad Brotherhoods Agree to Resumption of Conferences.

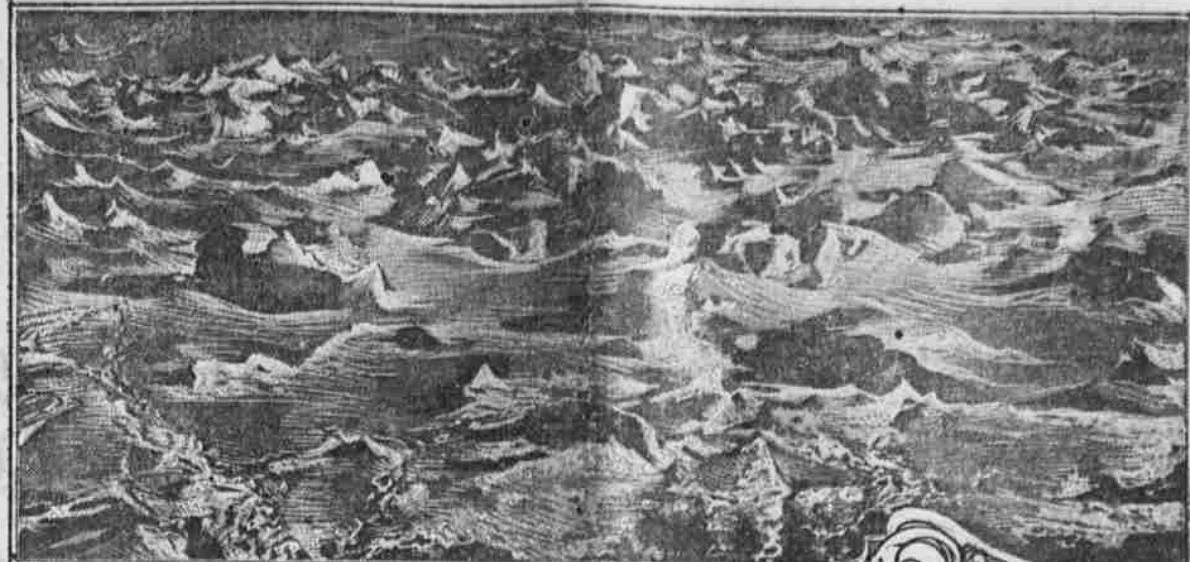
Washington, Aug. 3.—The executive board of the four railroad brotherhoods, which are threatening a strike of 400,000 railroad men throughout the nation, and the general committee of the roads have agreed to resumption of conferences in New York Aug. 8, according to information received at the United States board of mediation and conciliation. That these conferences may be productive of an amicable settlement of the giant controversy is forecast by Commissioner Chambers of the board.

The strike vote of the trainmen, who demand an eight hour day in freight service, with time and a half for overtime, is now being counted in New York. The result, said to be overwhelmingly in favor of a strike, will be announced Aug. 7.

Eagles on the Hunt.

Eagles usually hunt in pairs, one bird frightening the prey from its hiding place and the other pouncing on it as it tries to escape.

SIR ERNEST SHACKLETON'S OWN PICTURES OF HIS EXPERIENCES IN THE ANTARCTIC



Upper—ANTARCTIC ICE PACK—Lower, SHIP LYING ON HER SIDE IN ICE

These two pictures were made by Sir Ernest Shackleton himself during his present antarctic expedition. They show a scene in the great southern ice pack and his vessel almost on her beam ends in the ice. According to a message received at Buenos Aires, Argentina, Shackleton has reached the ice fields in his effort to rescue the

twenty-two men left on Elephant Island last April when his expedition returned from the south polar zone. The relief party left Punta Arenas July 12 on the schooner Emma, which was to be towed as far south as possible by a Chilean government steamer, after which it was the intention of the explorer to continue his search for his

men. London reports that the Chilean steamer Yelcho has arrived at Ushuaia, Patagonia, in a damaged condition after towing the schooner Emma to the Shackleton expedition 240 miles south of Cape Horn. The Emma continued her voyage toward Elephant Island after the Yelcho left her.

GERMAN SUBMARINE PASSES OUT TO SEA

Tug Timmons' Report Relayed to the Navy Department.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 3.—The Deutschland, the German submarine merchantman, passed out of the capes and past the three mile limit at 8:30 last night, according to the tug Thomas F. Timmons. The Timmons' report was relayed to the navy department at Washington by the destroyer Sterrett.

With no moon, mariners believed there was more than an even chance that the vessel could get away without detection by the allied cruisers. The submarine and the Timmons were lost to a newspaper dispatch boat, the only vessel following them, during a storm in lower Chesapeake bay.

Only one allied warship was seen off the capes. It was a two-funnelled cruiser flying the British naval ensign. Passing vessels reported that there were two peculiar buoys near her. This gave rise to some speculation as to the possibility that a net had been flung across the channel, but pilots familiar with the waters did not believe so.

The submarine apparently was unobserved by the allied warship patrol. Whether she submerged before reaching the three mile limit is not known. The two accompanying boats only know that she disappeared unharmed, and that to all appearances she had a clear field ahead to a point where she could completely submerge in safety.

Half an hour after the last sight of the Deutschland had disappeared, the Timmons, seemingly satisfied with her work, turned back and headed up Chesapeake bay in the direction of Baltimore.

Shrapnel Explodes On Vessel.

New York, Aug. 3.—One hundred shrapnel shells exploded during a fire on the four-masted schooner George W. Elzey in Erie basin, causing great alarm among thousands of persons in the vicinity. The only person injured, however, was a fireman, who was struck on the arm by a shell fragment.

Horses Cremated.

Winnipeg, Man., Aug. 3.—A large part of the plant of the Winnipeg Paint and Glass company was destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at \$100,000. Nineteen horses perished.

True Patriotism.

Patriotism, like religion, is a matter of service, of lifting others by lifting up ourselves. Patriotism is love of country, love of one's fellow men, love of honesty, of purity, of decency, of courage, of fairness, and whose patriotism does not include these is no patriot and he should go away back and sit down when public issues are up. In the nature of things, a grabber, a jingo or a spoilsman cannot be a patriot.—Ohio State Journal.

LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN

EAST BUFFALO, Aug. 3.
Cattle—Shipping steers, \$25.00 to \$28.00; butchers' steers, \$22.00 to \$25.00; heifers, \$20.00 to \$22.00; cows, \$18.00 to \$20.00; fresh cows and springers, \$30.00 to \$35.00; calves, \$10.00 to \$15.00.
Hogs—Heavy and mixed, \$10.00 to \$12.00; Yorks, \$12.00 to \$14.00; pigs, \$8.00 to \$10.00; roughs, \$5.00 to \$8.00; stags, \$6.00 to \$8.00.
Sheep and Lambs—Yearlings, \$5.00 to \$8.00; wethers, \$7.00 to \$10.00; ewes, \$4.00 to \$7.00; mixed sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.00; lambs, \$7.00 to \$11.00.
Receipts—Cattle, 150; hogs, 1,600; sheep and lambs, 100; calves, 50.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.
Cattle—Native beef steers, \$6.70 to \$10.35; western steers, \$6.45 to \$8.40; stockers and feeders, \$5.00 to \$9.00; cows and heifers, \$3.50 to \$9.10; calves, \$5.00 to \$12.00.
Hogs—Heavy, \$8.00 to \$9.50; roughs, \$6.50 to \$8.50; pigs, \$7.50 to \$9.00.
Sheep and Lambs—Wethers, \$5.00 to \$5.50; lambs, \$7.25 to \$11.00.
Receipts—Cattle, 15,000; hogs, 20,000; sheep and lambs, 16,000.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 3.
Cattle—Choice fat steers, \$13.25 to \$15.75; butchers' steers, \$10.00 to \$12.75; heifers, \$7.00 to \$10.00; cows, \$5.25 to \$8.25; calves, \$12.00 to \$13.00.
Hogs—Yorkers, heavies and mediums, \$11.00 to \$13.00; roughs, \$9.00 to \$11.00; pigs, \$7.00 to \$9.00.
Sheep and Lambs—Wethers, \$7.50 to \$10.00; ewes, \$7.00 to \$9.00; lambs, \$8.50 to \$11.00.
Receipts—Cattle, 150; hogs, 1,200; sheep and lambs, 1,000; calves, 150.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 3.
Cattle—Choice fat steers, \$10.00 to \$12.75; butchers' steers, \$7.50 to \$10.00; cows, \$5.75 to \$8.75; calves, \$7.00 to \$10.00; top calves, \$13.00.
Hogs—Heavy, \$10.15 to \$12.20; heavy Yorkers, \$10.00 to \$12.00; light Yorkers, \$9.00 to \$11.00; pigs, \$8.00 to \$10.00.
Sheep and Lambs—Top sheep, \$25.00; lambs, \$11.00.
Receipts—Hogs, 1,800; sheep and lambs, 600; calves, 100.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 3.
Cattle—Steers, \$5.50 to \$9.00; heifers, \$5.00 to \$8.00; cows, \$4.25 to \$7.50; calves, \$5.00 to \$12.50.
Hogs—Packers and butchers, \$9.00 to \$10.00; common to choice, \$5.00 to \$8.00; pigs and light, \$3.50 to \$6.00; stags, \$4.00 to \$7.00.
Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, \$2.50 to \$7.00; lambs, \$5.00 to \$11.00.
Receipts—Cattle, 900; hogs, 2,200; sheep and lambs, 900.

BOSTON, Aug. 3.
Wool—Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces: Delaine washed, 38¢ to 40¢; light blood combing, 38¢; three-eighths blood combing, 42¢; delaine unwashed, 35¢.

TACTICS ARE CONTINUED

Third Airship Raid In A Week Occurs

Germans Again Fly Over Eastern Counties of England.

DROP BOMBS AT MANY PLACES

Artillery Duels and Infantry Attacks Feature the Fighting On the Stokhod and Turia River Fronts—French Capture German Trenches in the Verdun Sector—Italians Repel Enemy Attacks.

London, Aug. 3.—For the third time during the present week German airships raided the English coast. Early this morning the squadron flew over the eastern counties, dropping bombs.

An official communication, issued here, says: "A number of airships crossed the coast of the eastern counties shortly after midnight. Some bombs were dropped at various places."

It is reported that a Zeppelin was seen this morning traveling seaward, badly damaged.

The armies in the three great centers of recent activity—the Somme region of France, Russia and Galicia—evidently have let up considerably in the violent fighting in which they have been engaged and are indulging in a breathing spell preparatory to further attacks and counter attacks. The official communication dealing with the operations in these theaters tell of no single important engagement or of any notable changes in the positions of any of the belligerents.

Attacking in Echelon on a three mile line from the Meuse river to Fleury, north of Verdun, the French have captured several German trenches and organized points of support. In the engagement 600 Germans were made prisoners and ten machine guns were captured.

On the Russian front, Petrograd reports merely artillery duels and infantry attacks on the Stokhod and Turia river fronts and of local Austrian offensives on the Stripa river in Galicia, all of which were repulsed.

Attacks by the Austrians against the Italians at various points, including Monte Cimone, Monte Seluggio and The Russians are keeping up their advance against the Turks in the Caucasus region.

LONDON ATTACKED

Berlin's Story of the Recent German Airship Raids.
Berlin (via Sayville, L. I.), Aug. 3.—The city of London was attacked in the German airship raids of July 31-Aug. 1, according to official announcement. "German airship squadrons on the night of the last of July and the first of August attacked London and eastern British counties," the statement said. "We dropped bombs successfully on coast works, defensive batteries and industrial establishments."

WHEAT PRICES SOARING

Black Rust Havoc in Spring Wheat Region Amounts to Calamity.
Chicago, Aug. 3.—Wheat prices leaped up following reports of a disastrous widening of crop damage in Canada, the Dakotas and Minnesota. It was said by trade authorities that black rust havoc in Manitoba amounted to a calamity, that the pest also had acquired a dangerous foothold in Saskatchewan and that the injury from rust and heat in the fields south of the international border had gone beyond any precedent. According to estimates current, the prospective total yield of wheat this season in North and South Dakota and in Minnesota will not be half as large as last year and will be \$3,000,000 bushels short of the amount suggested by the United States government report a month ago.

French Honor Americans.

Paris, Aug. 3.—Six Americans acting as drivers in the American field ambulance corps have received the Croix de Jaurie for bravery under fire. They are: Brooks Leonard Edwards of Philadelphia; James Milton Spaulding, Gloucester, Mass.; Thomas Potter, New York; Everett Jackson, Colorado Springs; Walter Wheeling, Yonkers, N. Y., and John Clark, Plushing, N. Y.

MEDIATORS WOULD SETTLE GARMENT WORKERS' STRIKE

New York, Aug. 3.—Three mediators appointed by the United States department of labor conferred here with manufacturers of women's garments and with leaders of the union of their employees in an attempt to end the strike of 45,000 makers of women's clothes, which has been in progress for fourteen weeks. If the

mediators fail to bring about an agreement, it is understood they will start an investigation of the women's garment industry.

The strike situation was complicated by the action of 150 manufacturers of men's clothes who locked out 15,000 workers and who planned to close more shops, increasing the number of idle garment workers to 30,000.

SHORTAGE IS SERIOUS

Columbus, Aug. 3.—Appeals for aid have been addressed to Columbus by Detroit, Cleveland, Springfield, Chillicothe, Delaware, Dayton, Mt. Vernon and other cities who are caught in the ice shortage, but for fear of placing this city in the iceless column also no aid has been proffered. Word from Detroit says that for many days residents of that city have not tasted ice cream.

Sale of Danish West Indies.

London, Aug. 3.—Messages received here from Copenhagen say the Danish authorities have not confirmed the reports of the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States. The rigid will hold a secret session on Friday, when the government will answer questions on the subject. The newspaper Koebenhavn has started a campaign against the sale of the islands.

GUN FIGHT WITH BURGLAR

Toledo, Aug. 3.—John Daly, proprietor of an East Side hotel, engaged in a gun battle with a burglar, who smashed the front window of the hotel. One of the burglar's bullets lodged in the bed of Miss Essie Schmitt, a hotel employee. No one was wounded. The burglar fled with two bottles of champagne.

To Select Supply Depots.

Washington, Aug. 3.—A board of five army officers was appointed to study the best methods of mobilizing supplies for the national guard during peace times at such points throughout the country as will make for quick and efficient equipment when troops are called for federal service. Establishment of twelve general supply depots, each containing full equipment for a division of troops of 22,000 men of all arms of the service is contemplated.

BLACKLIST NO ATTACK ON SHOT BY A NEUTRALS, DECLARES ASQUITH PLAYMATE

London, Aug. 3.—England regards as an essential part of any peace conditions the restoration by Germany of Belgium and Serbia both material and economically, and the repairing of devastated portions of France and Russia. Premier Asquith declared in a speech in commons.

British eyes, the premier said, have been opened to the full meaning of the German system of economic, commercial and financial penetration and it is necessary to prepare to combat this.

Asquith asserted that at the Paris economic conference of the allies the opinion was that the blacklist should be continued during the war. The resolutions of false conference, he said, were not directed against neutrals.

"We are aware of some uneasiness in America," the premier continued, "but this is not justified."

INDICTMENTS RETURNED

Against Five Persons Held In Connection with Bomb Explosion.

San Francisco, Aug. 3.—Indictments charging murder were voted by the grand jury against five of the persons now under a rest in connection with the preparedness parade bomb explosion of July 22, according to seemingly authentic reports. Those said to have been indicted are: W. K. Billings, Thomas Mooney, Mrs. Rena Mooney, Israel Weinberg and Edward Nolan.

PRES. WILSON STANDS PAT

Washington, Aug. 3.—President Wilson dissipated any hope suffragists might have that he might try to outdo Hughes on woman suffrage question. The president authorized an announcement at the White House that he has not changed his attitude toward woman suffrage—that he still believes it is an issue to be decided by the various states.

WOULD BREAK WITH ENGLAND

Washington, Aug. 3.—Representative Gallivan of Massachusetts moved in the house the breaking off of diplomatic relations with Great Britain because of England's refusal, July 25, to admit Thomas Hughes Kelley of New York and Joseph Smith, two American citizens, entrusted with funds and relief supplies for Irish revolution sufferers.

HOMICIDE JUSTIFIABLE

Wilmington, O., Aug. 3.—A bullet accidentally discharged from an old pistol carried by Frank Butts and Burch Wright, playmates, on a berry-picking excursion, struck the Butts boy near the heart. A delicate operation was performed to remove the bullet and the boy will live.

VICTIM OF THE PLAGUE

Toledo, Aug. 3.—Mrs. Harriet Bowler, mother of four children, died from infantile paralysis, adding an adult to the toll of the disease in this city. Thirty-eight cases and seven deaths are recorded in the present epidemic. Three new cases were reported.